

# Correction Interrogation 1 2013

exo 1.

①  $n=2k, k \geq 1$

1)

$Y \backslash X$	-1	0	1	marg. Y
-1	$\frac{2}{9}$	0	0	$\frac{2}{9}$
0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
1	$\frac{1}{9}$	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{4}{9}$
marg. X	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	

2)

$Y \backslash X=1$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X=1)$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
$Y \backslash X=0$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X=0)$	0	1	0
$Y \backslash X=-1$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X=-1)$	0	0	1

3)  $E(Y \backslash X=1) = -\frac{1}{3}, E(Y \backslash X=0) = 0, E(Y \backslash X=-1) = 1$

$E(Y) = -1 \times \frac{2}{9} + 0 \times \frac{1}{3} + 1 \times \frac{4}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$  méthode 1

$E(Y) = -\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + 0 \times \frac{1}{3} + 1 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$  méthode 2

4)

$X^2$	0	1
$P_{X^2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$

$E X = 0 \quad E X^2 = \frac{2}{3} \quad \text{Var } X = \frac{2}{3}$

$Y^2$	0	1
$P_{Y^2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$

$E Y = \frac{2}{9} \quad E Y^2 = \frac{2}{3} \quad \text{Var } Y = \frac{50}{81}$

$XY$	-1	0	1
$P_{XY}$	$\frac{1}{9} + 0$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{3}$

$E XY = \frac{4}{9} \quad \text{cov}(X, Y) = \frac{4}{9} - 0 \times \frac{2}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$

matrice var-cov :

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & \frac{4}{9} \\ \frac{4}{9} & \frac{50}{81} \end{pmatrix}$$

②  $n=2k-1 \quad k \geq 1$

1)

$Y \backslash X$	-1	0	1	margin. Y
-1	$\frac{1}{9}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{9}$
0	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{1}{3}$
1	$\frac{2}{9}$	0	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{5}{9}$
margin. X	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	

2)

$Y \backslash X = -1$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X = -1)$	$\frac{1}{3}$	0	$\frac{2}{3}$
$Y \backslash X = 0$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X = 0)$	0	1	0
$Y \backslash X = 1$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X = 1)$	0	0	1

3)  $E(Y \backslash X = -1) = \frac{1}{3} \quad E(Y \backslash X = 0) = 0 \quad E(Y \backslash X = 1) = 1$

$E(Y) = -1 \times \frac{1}{9} + 0 \times \frac{1}{3} + 1 \times \frac{5}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$  méthode 1

$E(Y) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + 0 \times \frac{1}{3} + 1 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$  méthode 2

4)

$X^2$	0	1	$E X = 0$	$E X^2 = \frac{2}{3}$	$Var X = \frac{2}{3}$
$P_{X^2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$			

$Y^2$	0	1	$E Y = \frac{4}{9}$	$E Y^2 = \frac{2}{3}$	$Var Y = \frac{38}{81}$
$P_{Y^2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$			

$XY$	-1	0	1	$E XY = \frac{2}{9}$	$cov(X, Y) = \frac{2}{9} - 0 \times \frac{4}{9} = \frac{2}{9}$
$P_{XY}$	$\frac{2}{9} + 0$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{3}$		

matrice var-cov :

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & \frac{2}{9} \\ \frac{2}{9} & \frac{38}{81} \end{pmatrix}$$

③  $n=0$

1)

$Y \backslash X$	-1	0	1	margin. Y
-1	$\frac{2}{9}$	0	0	$\frac{2}{9}$
0	0	$\frac{2}{9}$	0	$\frac{2}{9}$
1	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{4}{9}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{5}{9}$
margin. X	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	

2)

$Y \backslash X=-1$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X=-1)$	$\frac{2}{3}$	0	$\frac{1}{3}$

  

$Y \backslash X=0$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X=0)$	0	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

  

$Y \backslash X=1$	-1	0	1
$P(Y \backslash X=1)$	0	0	1

3)  $E(Y \backslash X=-1) = -\frac{1}{3}$      $E(Y \backslash X=0) = \frac{1}{3}$      $E(Y \backslash X=1) = 1$

$E(Y) = -1 \times \frac{2}{9} + 0 \times \frac{2}{9} + 1 \times \frac{5}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$     méthode 1

$E(Y) = -\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} + 1 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$     méthode 2

4) 

$X^2$	0	1
$P_{X^2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{3}$

 $E(X) = 0$      $E X^2 = \frac{2}{3}$      $\text{Var } X = \frac{2}{3}$

$Y^2$	0	1
$P_{Y^2}$	$\frac{2}{9}$	$\frac{7}{9}$

 $E(Y) = \frac{1}{3}$      $E Y^2 = \frac{7}{9}$      $\text{Var } Y = \frac{2}{3}$

$XY$	-1	0	1
$P_{XY}$	$\frac{1}{9} + 0$	$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{1}{3}$

 $E XY = \frac{4}{9}$      $\text{cov}(X, Y) = \frac{4}{9} - 0 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$

matrice var-cov  $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} & \frac{4}{9} \\ \frac{4}{9} & \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$

exo 2.

- 1)  $\mathbb{P}(X_{n+1}=x_{n+1} | X_n=x_n, X_{n-1}=x_{n-1}, \dots, X_0=x_0) = \mathbb{P}(X_{n+1}=-x_n | X_n=x_n) = 1$
- 2)  $E = \{x_0, -x_0\}$ ,  $M = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
- 3) tous les états sont récurrents
- 4)  $\left. \begin{array}{l} M\mu = \mu \\ u_1 + u_2 = 1 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow u_1 = u_2 = \frac{1}{2}$
- 5) Non, la chaîne est périodique.

exo 3.

- 1)  $\mathbb{P}(X_{n+1}=x_n | X_n=x_n) = \mathbb{P}(Y_n=0) = \frac{3}{4}$   
 $\mathbb{P}(X_{n+1}=-x_n | X_n=x_n) = \mathbb{P}(Y_n=1) = \frac{1}{4}$   
 $\mathbb{P}(X_{n+1}=x_{n+1} | X_n=x_n, \dots, X_0=x_0) = \mathbb{P}(X_{n+1}=x_{n+1} | X_n=x_n)$
- 2)  $E = \{-x_0, x_0\}$ ,  $M = \begin{pmatrix} 3/4 & 1/4 \\ 1/4 & 3/4 \end{pmatrix}$
- 3)  $\left. \begin{array}{l} M\mu = \mu \\ u_1 + u_2 = 1 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow u_1 = u_2 = \frac{1}{2}$
- 4) Oui, la chaîne est irréductible.